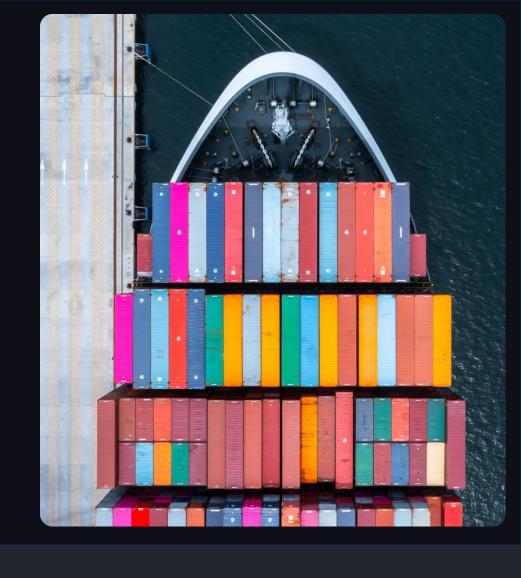
Improving Observability & Security in Kubernetes with MDE

Jesús Rodríguez, Javier Centeno & Pedro J. Molina

METADEV





Content

B3JB

ProxyHands

- 1. Context: K8s & container orchestration
- 2. Problem: Observability at scale
- 3. Observability
- 4. Graphical Language Design
- 5. Demo
- 6. Security
- 7. Discussion



Containers & Kubernetes

- Containers in Enterprise Software are thriving
- Kubernetes (K8s) is the de-facto standard for managing workloads of containers

& kubernetes

- At scale, Observability is critical to identify, diagnose & fix problems when they occur.
- Tools for **security** and **observability** in the k8s ecosystem are far from maturity or standardization.



Starting point

- K8s is full of YAML configuration files and CLI oriented tools.
- Some patterns for humans are faster recognizable in a graphical way than scrolling YAML.
- We explored graphical container orchestration with Orca, last year.
- At scale, relations between containers are better presented graphically.

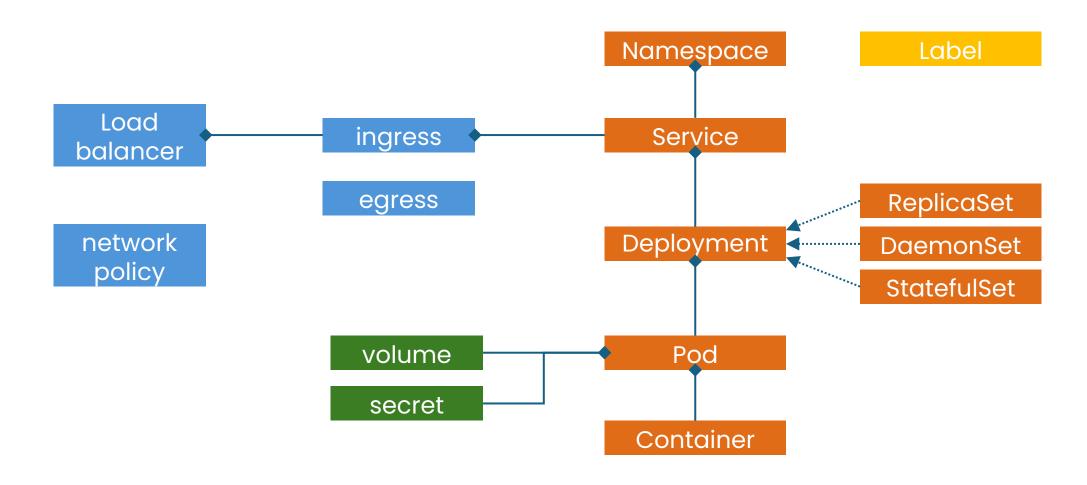


MDE?

- A K8s cluster is a model we can interrogate via API
- Conforms to typed concepts
- Can reverse engineer the model querying the API
- And project & filter the model as needed
 - Graphical
 - Textual
 - Tabular
- Zoom in/out
- Drill down in details



K8s Metamodel





Use Cases - Observability



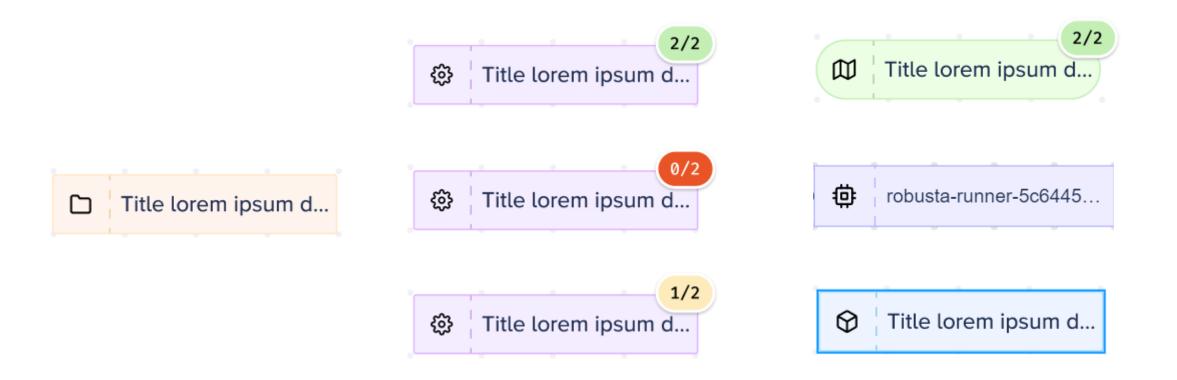
Observability

- Explore dependencies between services
- Detect and track failure conditions
- Dependency analysis





Graphical Language Design





Use Cases - Security



Security

- Hardcoded secrets
- Ingress control rules
- Network policies
- Known vulnerabilities in container images
- Outdated dependencies
- CPU / Memory / Resource limitations



Roadmap









Q & A

Try it at https://k8s.metadev.pro



Seville 17-19 October, 2024 https://langdevcon.org